

# Technical Feasibility of Glass Optical Fibers for Automotive Ethernet

A Furukawa Compan

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- Introduction
- Glass optical multimode fiber links for Enterprise and Data Center networks
- Glass optical fiber in harsh environment applications
  - Distributed Temperature Sensing
  - Aerospace/Avionics
- Technical feasibility for Automotive environments based on glass, optical multimode fiber for IEEE
- Photonics in Automotive
- ISO and IEC standardization for Automotive
- Summary and future work

Corning, OFS, Furukawa Electric Group Experience



- Corning, OFS, and Furukawa have experience both in applying optical fiber with industrialized coating and cabling in harsh environments, as well as experience with the automotive industry in other areas.
- See backup slides for more information on experience.

#### Introduction



- The IEEE 802.3 Ethernet standards group has two current projects P802.3cy and P802.3cz looking at standards for higher data rate Ethernet in vehicles. P802.3cy is looking at "electrical/copper" standards, and P802.3cz is looking at "optical/fiber" standards.
- The IEEE P802.3cz Multi-Gigabit Optical Automotive Ethernet Task Force is looking at data rates of 2.5, 5, 10, 25, 50 Gb/s (up to 50 Gb/s per lane) over distances of 15m-40m in vehicles.
- As the data rates increase, optical links have transitioned from LEDs to high-speed verticalcavity surface-emitting lasers (VCSELs) which were first seen in CD-players but are now ubiquitous.
- This presentation will focus on the technical feasibility of glass optical multimode fibers (MMF, OM3 type) whose specifications are optimized to work with high speed VCSELs
- OM3 fiber is available with industrialized coating and cabling suitable for automotive.

#### Automotive Ethernet – IEEE 802.3 Standards, Task Forces (TF)

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IEEE		Start	Completion				
Standard/TF	Name	Date	Date	Speed	Cabling	Inline Connectors	Reach
IEEE Std							
802.3bp™-2016	1000BASE-T1	3/2012	6/2016	1 Gb/s	Cu	4	15 m, 40 m
IEEE Std							
802.3bw™-2015	100BASE-T1	3/2014	10/2015	100 Mb/s	Cu	4	15m
IEEE Std							
802.3bv™-2017	1000BASE-RH	3/2014	2/2017	1 Gb/s	POF	4, 0	15m, 40 m
IEEE Std							
802.3cg <sup>™</sup> -2019	10BASE-T1S/-TL	7/2016	11/2019	10 Mb/s	Cu	4, 8 nodes, 10	15 m, 25 m, 1 km
IEEE Std							
802.3ch™-2020	2.5/5/10G BASE-T1	11/2016	6/2020	2.5, 5, 10 Gb/s	Cu	4	15 m
			06 - 09	25, 50, 100 Gb/s			
P802.3cy TF		3/2019	2023*	1, 2, 4 lanes	Cu	2	11 m
				2.5, 5, 10, 25 Gb/s		4	40 m
P802.3cz TF		7/2019	07/2023*	50 Gb/s	Optical	2	15 m

\*Target completion date for standard based on project timeline

#### Multimode Fiber (MMF), OM3



- Multimode fiber (MMF) is a type of glass optical fiber mostly used for communication over shorter distances at higher data rates (typically > 1 Gb/s).
- In multimode fiber, light is carried over a number of different paths, or modes.
- Laser optimized multimode fiber (LOMMF) is specifically optimized to work with relatively lowcost, high data rate, vertical-cavity surface-emitting lasers (VCSELs).
- OM3 is a type of LOMMF (types are differentiated by bandwidth).
- OM3 is 50/125 µm (core/cladding diameters) graded-index, glass optical laser optimized multimode fiber.

(described in the industry using primarily the ISO/IEC 11801 designations)									Bandwidth (MHz-km)			
Industry Standards					Attenua Typical Cab (dB/kr	Attenuation - pical Cabled Max. (dB/km)		Overfilled Launch (OMBc)		Effective Modal Bandwidth (EMB) (also know n as Laser BW)		
Fiber Type	ISO/IEC 11801-1 Nov. 2017	IEC 60793-2-10 May 2019	TIA-568.3 2021 draft	TIA/EIA 492AAAF April 2020	ITU-T Dec. 2008	850nm	1300nm	850nm	1300nm	850nm	953nm	
62.5/125	OM1	A1-OM1	TIA 492AAAF (A1-OM1)	A1-OM1		3.5	1.5	200	500		-	
50/125	OM2	A1-OM2	TIA 492AAAF (A1-OM2)	A1-OM2	G.651.1	3.5	1.5	500	500			
50/125	OM3	A1-OM3	TIA 492AAAF (A1-OM3)	A1-OM3		3.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	1.5	1500	500	2000		
50/125	OM4	A1-OM4	TIA 492AAAF (A1-OM4)	A1-OM4		3.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	1.5	3500	500	4700		
50/125	OM5	A1-OM5	TIA 492AAAF (A1-OM5)	A1-OM5		3.0	1.5	3500	500	4700	2470	

#### VCSELs - Growing Volume & Markets



 Economic feasibility of VCSEL-MMF links based on high volume, low-cost, high data rate VCSELs



Source: II-VI. Used with permission from II-VI

#### IEEE SA Ethernet & IP @ Automotive Technology Week (E&IP@ATD), 3 Nov 2021 - 4 Nov 2021

## VCSEL-MMF Links for Enterprise & Data Center Applications

20+ years of 10+ Gb/s Multimode Fiber in Data Centers

- VCSELs:
  - Low cost, manufacturability, integration, reliability, testability, scalability, packaging, custom packaging, low power
- MMF:
  - Larger core size decreases alignment costs, leading to lower cost connectivity solutions relative to SMF
  - Higher resilience to contamination. Higher usability relative to SMF
  - Higher fiber cost, but lower link cost
- High volume, reliable, interoperable, commercially successful solutions
- Established short reach solution for high-speed networks over the past 20 years



Source: II-VI/Finisar





#### 20+ years of 10+ Gb/s Multimode Fiber in Data Centers

- The 50µm OM3 multimode fiber was developed in 2002 in concert with the development of 10Gb/s VCSELs as a low- cost solution for data centers.
- The fiber has continued to be used at higher data rates and incorporated into IEEE standards for the last 20 years.
- 50G PAM4, 100 Gb/s per lane
- Millions of kms of OM3/OM4 fiber have been deployed in data centers in many millions of links.



OM3 Development in IEEE

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#### Cabling for Harsh Environment: Distributed Temperature Sensing

- Multimode Fibers are used in the oil and gas industry as distributed temperature sensors enabling scientists and engineers to map out temperatures under the earth.
- The fibers are protected by special cabling which can withstand the harsh environment including temperatures of 200+° C (references below).
- References:
  - Smolen and van de Spek, "Distributed Temperature Sensing: A DTS Primer for Oil and Gas Production", 2003
    - <u>http://drilling.posccaesar.org/export/385/projects/DailyProductionReport\_1.0/XML/Version1.0/WITSML131/d</u> oc/Shell\_DTS\_Primer.pdf
  - Fenta, Potter, and Szanyi, "Fibre Optic Methods of Prospecting: A Comprehensive and Modern Branch of Geophysics", Surveys in Geophysics (2021)
    - Open Access: <u>https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10712-021-09634-8</u>
- The high-temperature MMF cabling for sensing can be tailored for the automotive environment. Lower cost based on higher volume of automotive market.



#### Source:

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https://www.corning.com/catalog/coc/documents/articles/distributedsensing-cable-in-industrial-environments.pdf



Source: Brian et al., US2012/0010846 A1 Jan 12, 2012



- First used in rigorous military applications more than 25 years
- Data backbone on F-16, F-18 variants, F-22, and Joint Strike Fighter (JSF)
- Retrofit in various airframe upgrades: C-130 Hercules
- Initial commercial uses in non mission critical applications: e.g. in-flight entertainment
- Proven success is generating further commercial implementation
- Military and commercial are adopting higher data rates, pushing toward higher bandwidth multimode fibers (e.g., OM3 and OM4)
- Multi-fiber cables also in active development

#### Aerospace Requirements - Similar to Automotive



Wide temperature range and robust mechanical performance

High reliability and long lifetime 20+ vears Wide operating temperature range -55° C to +125° C for commercial aerospace, higher for military Tight bends and repeated flexing 9 mm bend radius Installation stresses Crush/clamping stresses Resistance to microbending losses as well as mechanical damage Chemical resistance as a cable Various oils, fuels, fluids, salt spray, etc. Flammability FAA, SAE, and OEM specific tests Smoke and Toxicity Issues Low Smoke Zero Halogen an issue for applications in passenger areas

#### Thermal testing of Avionics Cable

*Shock at -55° C to +165° C* 





#### Thermal Shock

This test was performed in accordance with FOTP-3. The temperature extremes were -55°C to +165°C. One hundred cycles were performed with a 0.5 hour dwell at each temperature extreme. The sample lengths were 10 meters. Optical performance was monitored at both 850nm and 1300nm. Max attenuation change <0.20 dB



Permanent Change in Attenuation (dB/10m) after Test						
62202B	62203A	62203B	62202B	62203 A	62203B	
850nm	850nm	850nm	1300nm	1300nm	1300nm	
0.17	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.09	0.11	

#### Thermal testing of Avionics Cable

*Cycling at -55° C to +165° C* 

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#### Thermal Cycling

This test was performed in accordance with FOTP-3. The temperature extremes were  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $+165^{\circ}$ C for a total of 5 cycles. The dwell time at ambient and each temperature extreme was 1 hour. The sample lengths were 10 meters. Optical performance was monitored at both 850nm and 1300nm. Max attenuation change <0.35 dB



### **Avionics Fiber Optic Qualification**



Selected Mechanical Tests at 850 & 1300 nm



# Cyclic Flex

10k cycles Max attenuation change <0.4 dB



### Compression

Max load reached 4500 lbs Max attenuation change <0.15 dB

### **Avionics Fiber Optic Qualification**

Selected Mechanical Tests at 850 & 1300 nm





#### Tensile loading and bending Max load to 600N, 45 mm diameter Max attenuation change <0.05 dB

#### **Testing Specifically for Automotive Temperatures**



# Test at Corning of OM3 fiber for 3000 hours at 105° C. Less than 0.04dB variation in attenuation



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Acknowledgment:: Rubén Pérez-Aranda (KDPOF)

14 15 IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interim IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interim IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interin Source: https://www.ieee802.org/3/OMEGA/public/jan 2020/perezaranda OMEGA 02 0120 25G Corning fiber.pdf Lower diagrams after

Corning MM50BI-XMT-H (GI glass fiber OM3) Open eye at much longer distances than required at -40, +125

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#### 25 Gb/s Transmission over Harsh Environment Multimode Fiber Technical Feasibility (Corning Fiber)

15 m. 40 m. and 205 m

TRUMPF VCSEL-ULM850-25-TT-V03





planned signal

processing

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Technical Feasibility (OFS fiber) A Furukawa Company Open eye at much OFS C24712, FlightLinx® 50 µm OM3 Optical Cable, 100 m longer distances than TRUMPF VCSEL-ULM850-25-TT-V03 required at -40, +125 **ر**ة Eye diagram, -40 °C, 100 m Eye diagram, 25°C, 100 m Eye diagram, 125°C, 100 m 10 22 5tt Swyle Usa VCSEL ID #152150, 6.5 um, 5 mA VCSEL ID #152150\_6.5 um\_3 mA 1 III 🖬 I VCSEL ID #152150. 6.5 um. 3 m/ IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interim 12 IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interim 13 IEEE 802.3 OMEGA Study Group - January 2020 Interim 14

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Source: https://www.ieee802.org/3/OMEGA/public/jan\_2020/perezaranda\_OMEGA\_03\_0120\_25G\_OFS\_fiber.pdf Acknowledgment:: Rubén Pérez-Aranda (KDPOF)

25 Gb/s Transmission over Harsh Environment Multimode Fiber

IEEE SA Ethernet & IP @ Automotive Technology Week (E&IP@ATD), 3 Nov 2021 - 4 Nov 2021

Lower diagrams after

planned signal

processing

#### Get ready for Photonics in Automotive





Source: Adobe Stock (licensed)

- Many companies working on LiDAR systems
- Some system architectures utilize optical fibers and VCSELs
- 3D sensing and automotive volumes drives economic feasibility

LiDAR systems are now undergoing integration and qualification





Source: https://www.iso.org/technical-committees.html





General requirements and test methods of in-vehicle optical harnesses for up to 100Gbit/s communication



Source: https://www.ieee802.org/3/cz/public/15\_dec\_2020/fukuoka\_3cz\_01a\_151220\_IS024581.pdf

#### Multi-Gig Optical Automotive Ethernet and IEC





- IEEE currently references IEC standards in all Ethernet Standards
  - The Automotive application is unique and one that IEC will address
- Initial progress
  - TC 86 Fibre optics Technical Committee
    - Established a liaison with IEEE 802.3 and IEEE 802.3cz with Vince Ferretti as liaison
  - SC86A will consider
    - · High temperature fiber standards
    - · New cable designs specific to automotive
  - SC86B will consider
    - New service environment definitions for automotive
    - New connector designs specific to automotive
  - SC86C will consider
    - Transmitters VCSELs and Silicon Photonics
    - High temperature VCSEL reliability
    - Harness test standards

Source: Steve Swanson, Corning/US Delegate

#### **Summary and Future Work**



- It was shown that there is technical feasibility and reliability of glass optical fiber for in-vehicle communication based on:
  - A 20+ year foundation of reliability and commercialization of VCSEL-MMF short-reach, high data rate links for data centers.
  - The extensive use of glass optical fibers in multiple harsh environment applications, some more severe environments than automotive.
  - Testing of high temperature OM3 to automotive temperature requirements. Data transmission testing of VCSEL-OM3 links to automotive temperature range.
- The high volumes associated with applications such as 3D sensing and with automotive drive the economic feasibility of VCSEL-OM3 links.
- Future work:
  - IEEE P802.3cz contributions to progress the standard.
  - Develop ISO and IEC glass optical fiber, cable, harness standards for automotive.
  - Test to ISO TC22/SC32/WG10 and IEC 86 specifications for fiber, cable, harness.
  - Test to any OEM-specific requirements for glass optical fiber, cabling, harness.



# Thank You!



# **Backup Slides**

#### **Experience with Specialty Optical Fiber**





Both OFS and Corning make specialty optical fiber with fiber, coating, and cabling designed for stringent requirements including high temperature applications.

Coating and fiber cabling rated up to 180+° C.

Protection against changes in attenuation and strength.

Application to vehicle harnesses requires applying these technologies to low-cost, high-reliability solutions meeting automotive requirements.

#### **Experience with Automotive Harnesses & Cabling**









#### 

#### Aged Bend Loss At 150°C, MM50BI-MT (1,600 hours)

exposure time (hours)

400

MM50BI-MT Bend Loss at 150°C

MM50BI-MT fiber was exposed to 150  $^\circ\rm C$  continuously. Fiber was deployed in a single turn on a 7.5mm radius mandrel.

#### Corning<sup>®</sup> Specialty Optical Fiber Suite

			Coating Type					
			(Hermetic Coatings available on all fibers)					
ł			Standard Acrylate	Mid Ten	np Acrylate			
		Max Operating Temp (*C)	85°C	150°C	180°C			
	dard	Single-mode (Ge-doped core)	SMFHA	SM-MT SMH-MT	SM-XMT SMH-XMT			
Glass Type	Stan	Multimode Graded Index (Ge-stoped core)	MMFHA	MM50-MT MM50H-MT	MM50-XMT MM50H-XMT			
		Single-Mode Min Bend Radius = 5mm	SMBIH-5-A	SMBI-5-MT SMBIH-5-MT	SMBI-5-XMT SMBIH-5-XMT			
	Bend Insensitive ClearCurve®	Single-Mode Min Bend Radius = 7.5mm	SMBIH-7.5-A	SMBI-7.5-MT SMBIH-7.5-MT	SMBI-7.5-XMT SMBIH-7.5-XMT			
		Single-Mode Min Bend Radius = 10mm	SMBIH-10-A	SMBI-10-MT SMBIH-10-MT	SMBI-10-XMT SMBIH-10-XMT			
		Multimode Graded Index Min Bend Radius = 7.5mm	MM50BIH-A	MM50BI-OM2-MT MM50BIH-OM2-MT	MM50BI-OM2-XMT MM50BIH-OM2-XMT			
		Multimode Graded Index Min Bend Radius = 5mm	NA	MM80BI-MT MM80BIH-MT	MM80BI-XMT MM80BIH-XMT			
	r Band dth	Multimode OM3	NA	MM50BI-OM3-MT MM50BIH-OM3-MT	MM50BI-OM3-XMT MM50BIH-OM3-XMT			
	Highe	Multimode OM4	NA	MM50BI-OM4-MT MM50BIH-OM4-MT	MM50BI-OM4-XMT MM50BIH-OM4-XMT			
	MM	62.5µm Multimode	NA	MM62.5-MT MM62.5H-MT	MM62.5-XMT MM62.5H-XMT			
	Other	High Index, Polarization Maintaining, other	AVAILABLE: Inquire for Details					

Source: https://www.corning.com/microsites/coc/oem/documents/specialty-fiber/Corning-Specialty-Fiber-Product-Information-Sheets-111913.pdf

#### VCSEL-MMF Link Test Automotive Temperatures



Corning MM50BI-XMT-H (GI glass fiber OM3), TRUMPF VCSEL



Source: https://www.ieee802.org/3/OMEGA/public/jan\_2020/perezaranda\_OMEGA\_02\_0120\_25G\_Corning\_fiber.pdf

#### **Optical Fiber Solutions for Avionics**





- OFS Optical Fiber Solutions for Avionics:
  - Multi-Fiber Cable with Rollable Ribbon
  - High-Temp Graded Index 50 µm (OM4)
    Bend Optimized Optical Fiber
  - FlightLinx<sup>®</sup> PLUS Fiber Optic Cable with High-Temp Optical Fibers (62.5, SM, Graded Index 50 µm (OM4))
  - µLinx<sup>®</sup> Fiber Optic Cable with High-Temp Graded Index 50 µm (OM4) Bend Optimized Optical Fiber

#### VCSEL-MMF Link Test Automotive Temperatures



OFS FlightLinx 50 µm OM3, TRUMPF VCSEL



Source: https://www.ieee802.org/3/OMEGA/public/jan\_2020/perezaranda\_OMEGA\_03\_0120\_25G\_OFS\_fiber.pdf